## Supplementary Table 1. Serum creatinine (sCr)-based definitions of acute kidney injury (AKI) criteria

Criteria	Definition	sCr for AKI staging
KDIGO [1]	Increase in sCr ≥0.3 mg/dL within 48 hr or ≥50% in 7 days	Stage 1: Increase of ≥0.3 mg/dL within 48 hr or to 1.5–1.9 times baseline
		Stage 2: To ≥2-2.9 times baseline
		Stage 3: To ≥3 times baseline or ≥4.0 mg/dL or the initiation of RRT
cROCK [2]	Increase in SCr ≥25% in 7 days	

cROCK, reference change value of the sCr optimized criteria for AKI in chronic kidney disease; KDIGO, Kidney Disease Improving Global Outcomes; RRT, renal replacement therapy.

- 1. Khwaja A. KDIGO clinical practice guidelines for acute kidney injury. Nephron Clin Pract 2012;120:c179-c184.
- 2. Xu X, Wang L, Xiong M, et al. New criterion to evaluate acute-on-chronic kidney injury based on the creatinine reference change. *Am J Nephrol* 2020;51:453-462.